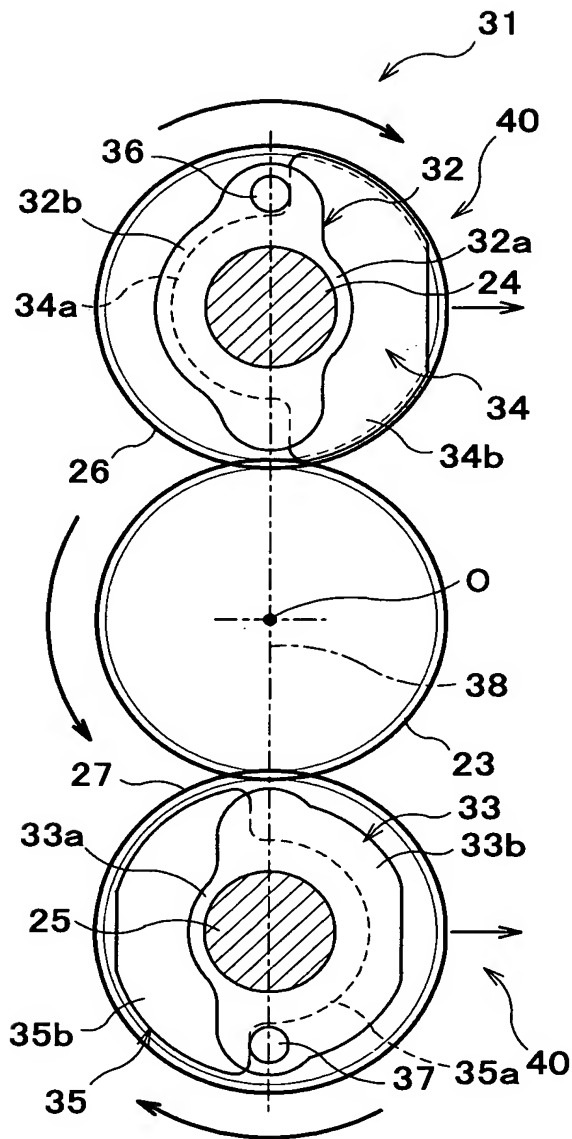


FIG.2A



STANDARD VIBRATION

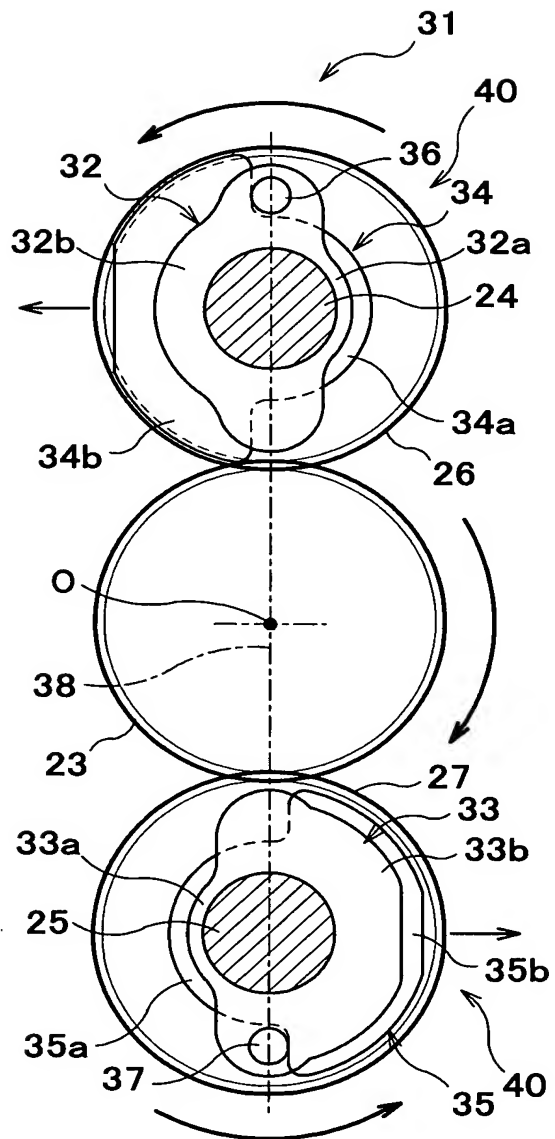
$$m_2 r_2 - m_1 r_1:$$

WHOLE ECCENTRIC MOMENT AROUND
THE VIBRATORY SHAFT 24 OF
ECCENTRIC WEIGHTS

$$m_3 r_3 - m_4 r_4:$$

WHOLE ECCENTRIC MOMENT AROUND
THE VIBRATORY SHAFT 25 OF
ECCENTRIC WEIGHTS

FIG.2B



HORIZONTAL VIBRATION

$$m_1 r_1 + m_2 r_2:$$

WHOLE ECCENTRIC MOMENT AROUND
THE VIBRATORY SHAFT 24 OF
ECCENTRIC WEIGHTS

$$m_3 r_3 + m_4 r_4:$$

WHOLE ECCENTRIC MOMENT AROUND
THE VIBRATORY SHAFT 25 OF
ECCENTRIC WEIGHTS

FIG.3A

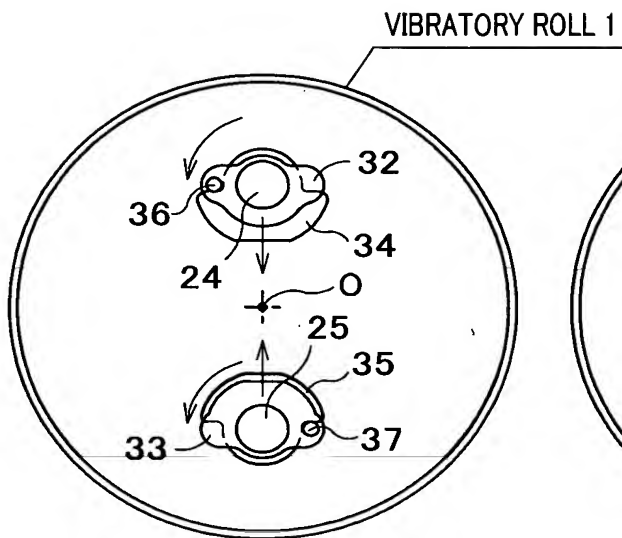


FIG.3B

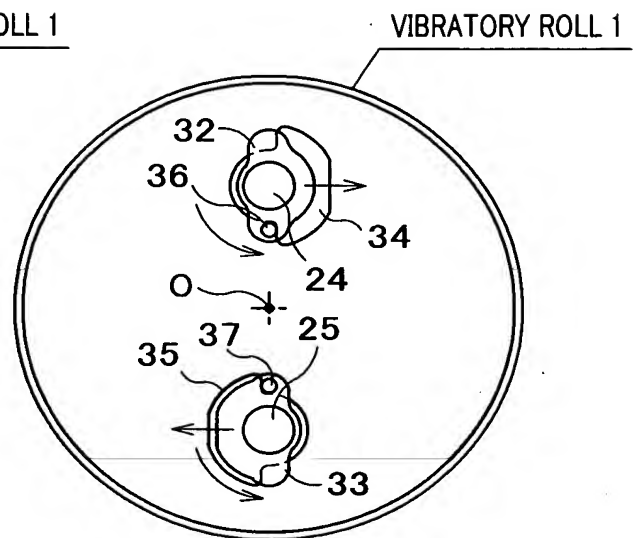


FIG.3C

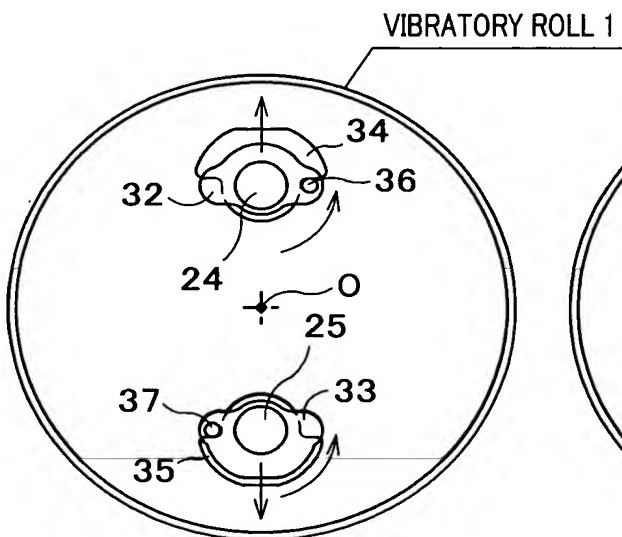


FIG.3D

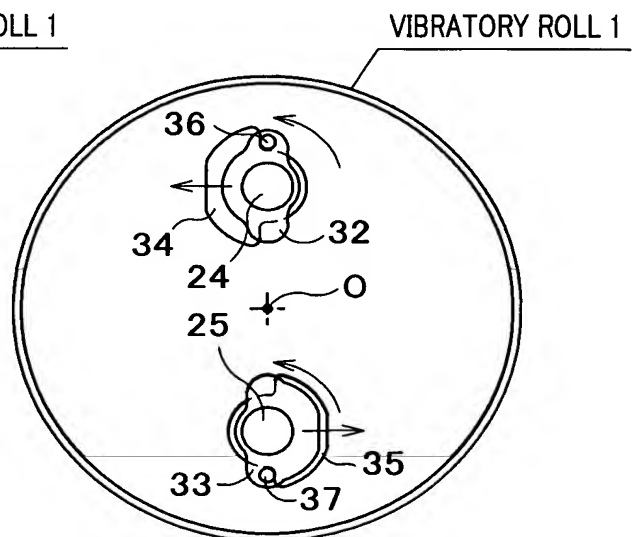
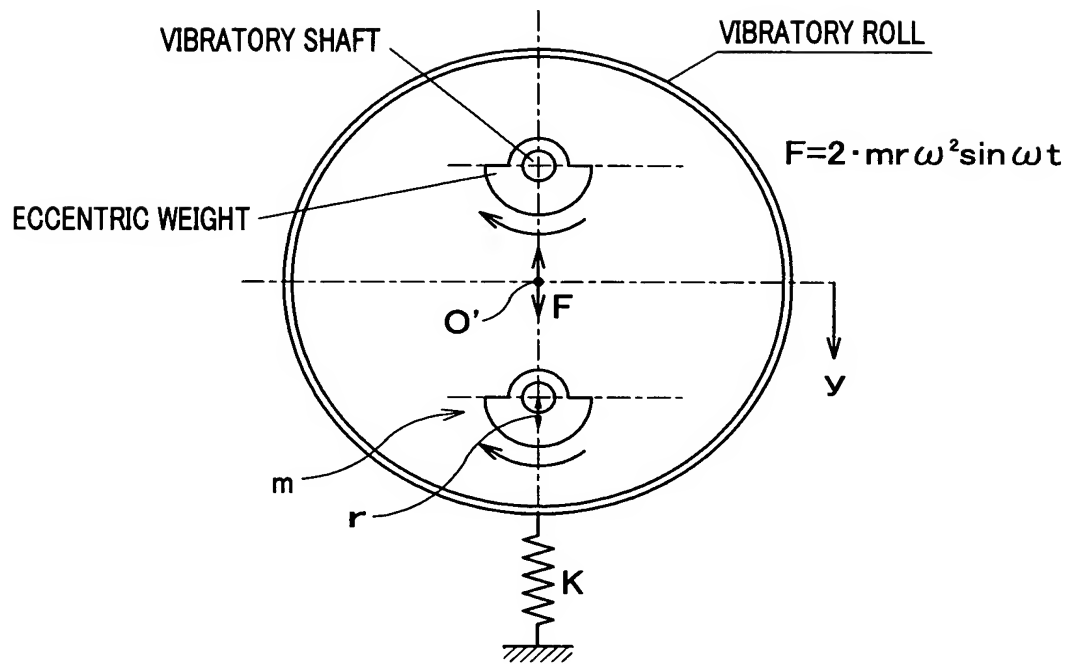


FIG.4



FORMULA
TRANSLATION

$$2 \cdot mr \omega^2 \sin \omega t = M_0 \cdot \frac{d^2 y}{dt^2}$$

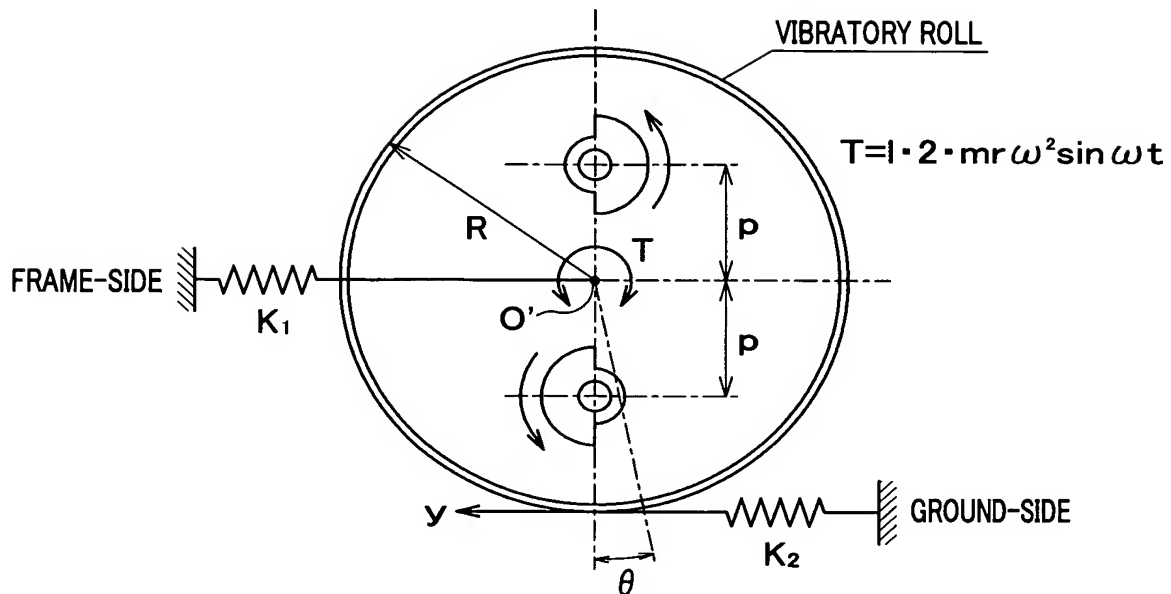
$$\frac{d^2 y}{dt^2} = \frac{2 \cdot mr \omega^2}{M_0} \sin \omega t$$

$$y = \frac{-2 \cdot mr \omega^2}{M_0 \omega^2} \sin \omega t$$

$$y = \frac{-2 \cdot mr}{M_0} \sin \omega t$$

$$a_1 = \frac{2 \cdot mr (\text{STANDARD VIBRATION})}{M_0} \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

FIG.5



$$p \cdot 2 \cdot mr \omega^2 \sin \omega t = I \frac{d^2 \theta}{dt^2}$$

$$y = R \theta$$

$$p \cdot 2 \cdot mr \omega^2 \sin \omega t = \frac{I}{R} \cdot \frac{d^2 y}{dt^2}$$

$$\frac{d^2 y}{dt^2} = \frac{R}{I} \cdot p \cdot 2 \cdot mr \omega^2 \sin \omega t$$

$$y = - \frac{R \cdot p \cdot 2 \cdot mr \omega^2}{I \omega^2} \sin \omega t$$

$$y = - \frac{R \cdot p \cdot 2 \cdot mr}{I} \sin \omega t$$

$$a_2 = \frac{R \cdot 2 \cdot p \cdot mr}{I} \text{ (HORIZONTAL TRANSLATION)} \quad (2)$$

FORMULA
TRANSLATION